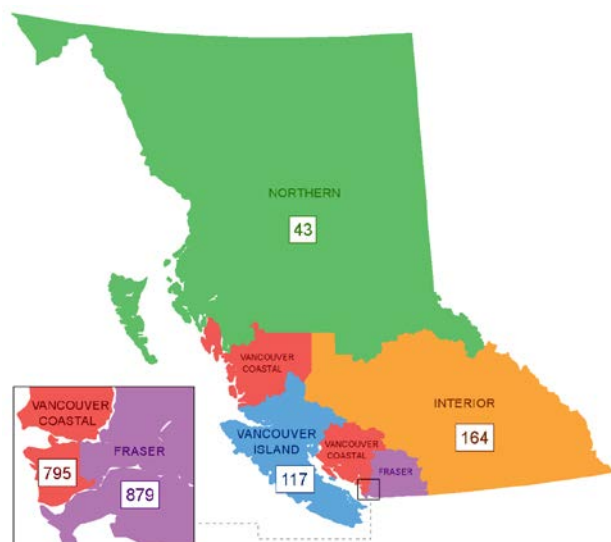


British Columbia COVID-19 Daily Situation Report, April 27, 2020*

Figure 1: Map of COVID-19 confirmed cases reported by health authority, BC, January 1 – April 27, 2020 (N=1,998)



Key messages

- Although a small number of new cases was reported today, large numbers were reported recently (Table 1, Fig 1).
- This may be related to an increase in the number of tests conducted since Apr 21 (Fig 3) as well as numerous outbreaks reported recently (Fig 4).
- There have been 41 outbreaks reported overall. Two new ones were reported over the weekend (Table 2, Fig 4).
- There has been a steady decline in cases currently in hospital and in ICU since mid-April (Fig 6 and 7).

Table 1: Epidemiological profile of reported cases by health authority, BC, January 1 – April 27, 2020 (N=1,998)

	Fraser	Interior	Vancouver Island	Northern	Vancouver Coastal	Total N (%) ^a
Total number of cases	879	164	117	43	795	1,998
New cases since yesterday	3	3	1	0	4	11
Median age in years, cases ^b	52	49	52	44	56	53 years (range 0-102 years)
Female sex, cases	423	81	65	27	443	1,039/1,993 (52%)
Ever hospitalized^c	215	29	24	11	148	427 (21%)
Median age in years, ever hospitalized ^b	70	62	72	47	69	69 years (range 0-98 years)
Currently hospitalized ^c	51	7	6	3	30	97
Currently in critical care^d	16	2	1	3	14	36
Total number of deaths^c	31	1	4	0	67	103 (5%)
New deaths since yesterday	0	0	0	0	1	1
Median age in years, deaths ^b	82	- ^e	86	NA	87	85 years (range 47-101 years)
Discontinued isolation^f	439	111	81	35	524	1,190 (60%)

^a Denominator for % derivation is total number of cases (N), except sex for which denominator is as specified for those with known information on sex.

^b Median age is calculated based on those with known information for all, hospitalized, and deceased cases (n=1991, 427, and 103, respectively).

^c Serious outcomes (i.e., hospitalization, death) may be incomplete or out of date (i.e., under-estimates) owing to the timing and process for case status update.

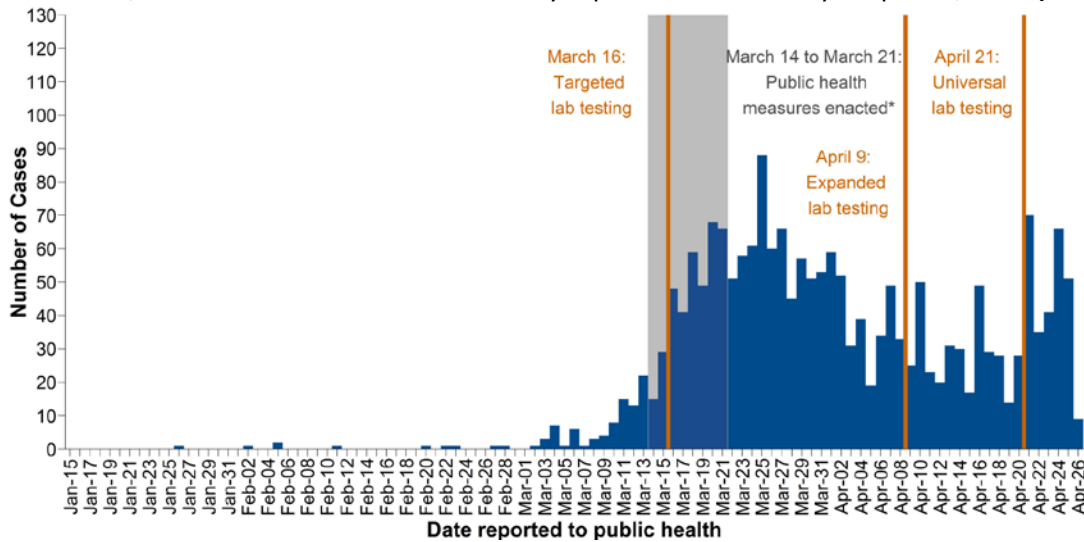
^d Source: PHS April 27@10am. The number of COVID cases in critical care units is reported daily by each Health Authority and includes the number of COVID patients in all critical care beds (e.g., intensive care units; high acuity units; and other surge critical care spaces as they become available and/or required). Work is ongoing to improve the completeness and accuracy of the data reported.

^e Single case, median age not shown.

^f Self-isolation has been discontinued per the criteria outlined in [BC guidelines for public health management of COVID-19](#): (1) resolution of fever without use of fever-reducing medications; AND (2) improvement of symptoms (respiratory, gastrointestinal and systemic); AND (3) either two negative nasopharyngeal swabs collected at least 24 hours apart, or at least 10 days have passed since onset of symptoms. These are the same criteria that had been used in previous reports for “recovered” cases.

*All findings are based on laboratory-confirmed cases reported from Health Authorities to BCCDC as of 10:00 AM PT, except where otherwise noted. Data represent a subset of actual cases and are subject to change with changes in testing recommendations and practices, reconciliation and/or as data become more complete.

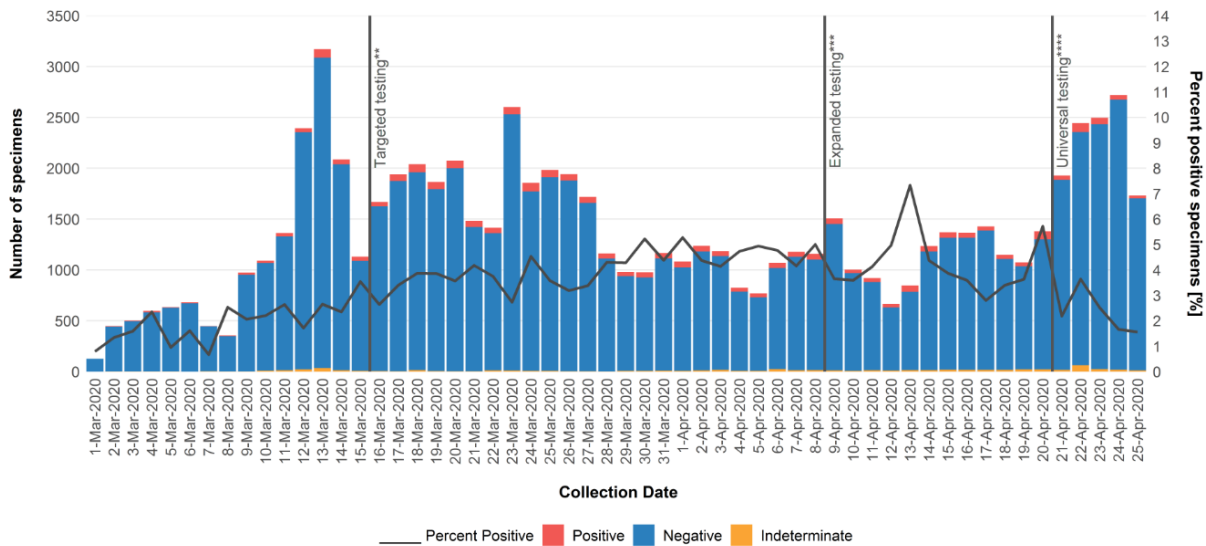
Figure 2: Epidemic curve, confirmed COVID-19 cases in BC by reported date January 1-April 26, 2020 (N=1,991[‡])



[‡] Cases reported on the same day as this report are excluded as only a portion are available at the time the data are extracted. The number of cases reported by day differs from that in Table 1 in previous reports as this figure reflects the date the case was lab-confirmed and reported to the Health Authority.

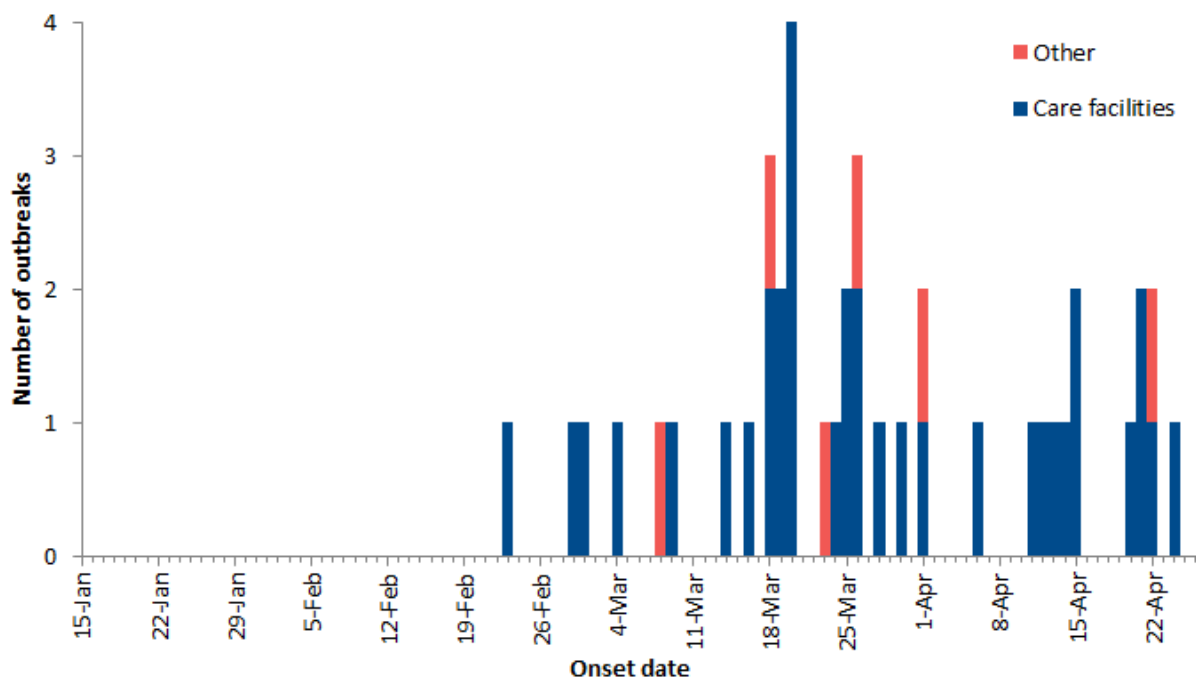
*A number of public health measures were enacted during the week shaded in grey. These include: March 14: Spring break started for most schools; March 16: Mass gatherings public health order implemented (>50 people), entry of foreign nationals banned, symptomatic individuals banned from flights to Canada, international flights restricted to four national airports; March 17: BC public health emergency declared, traveller self-isolation public health order implemented; March 18: Provincial state of emergency declared, food and drink service restrictions public health order implemented; March 20: US/Canada border closed to non-essential travel; March 21: closure of personal service establishments. Please refer to footnote in Figure 3 for laboratory testing criteria changes.

Figure 3: Number and proportion of SARS-CoV-2 positive respiratory specimens, BC, March 1-April 25, 2020 (N=76,629; Positive=3.4%)



Data source: PLOVER extract on April 27, 2020. Participating laboratories include: BCCDC Public Health Laboratory, Vancouver General Hospital, BC Children’s & Women’s Hospital, St. Paul’s Hospital, Victoria General Hospital Microbiology Laboratory, Kelowna General Hospital Microbiology Laboratory, and LifeLabs® laboratories. Methods and Caveats: SARS-CoV-2 specimens are tallied at the specimen level by date the specimen was collected. The proportion positive on a given date may include new positive cases and retested positive cases; this may over-estimate proportionate positivity. Similarly, individuals may be tested repeatedly after becoming negative; this may under-estimate proportionate positivity. **As of March 16, testing guidelines changed to focus on hospitalized patients, healthcare workers, long term care facility staff and residents, and those part of a cluster or outbreak who experienced respiratory symptoms. ***As of April 9, testing guidelines were expanded to include individuals with fever (>38°C) and cough or shortness of breath, including (a) residents of remote, isolated or Indigenous communities, (b) people living and working in congregate settings such as work-camps, correctional facilities, shelters, group homes, assisted living and seniors’ residences, (c) people who are homeless or have unstable housing, (d) essential service providers (e.g. first responders), or (e) returning travellers identified at a point of entry to Canada. In addition, health care providers can order a COVID-19 test for any patient based on their clinical judgment. ****As of April 21, the testing guidelines were further expanded to include all individuals with new respiratory or systemic symptoms compatible with COVID-19, however mild. Symptoms may include fever, chills, cough, shortness of breath, sore throat, odynophagia, rhinorrhea, nasal congestion, loss of sense of smell, headache, muscle aches, fatigue, or loss of appetite.

Figure 4: COVID-19 outbreaks* by earliest date, BC, January 15-April 27, 2020 (N=41)**



* Care facility (acute/longterm care/independent living) outbreaks have at least one lab-confirmed COVID-19 staff or resident. Other outbreaks have two or more lab-confirmed COVID-19 cases diagnosed within a 14-day period in closed or common settings (e.g. penitentiary, shared living or work setting).

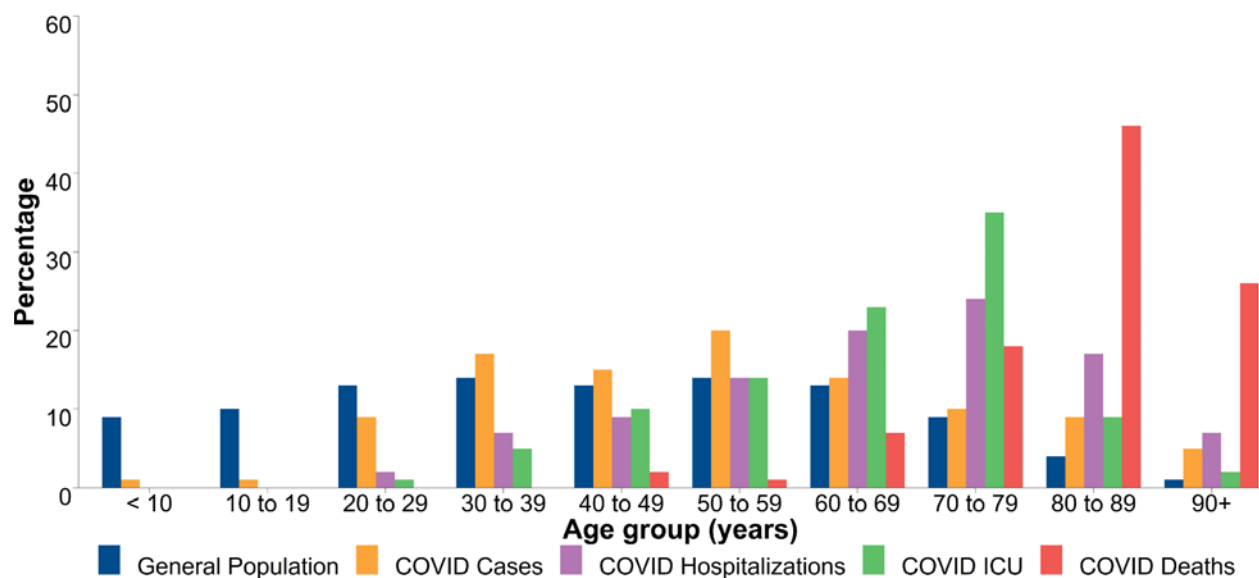
** Earliest date is date of onset of earliest case in the outbreak (or reported date of earliest case when onset is unavailable or date of outbreak notification) or date outbreak was declared.

Table 2: Outbreak and case counts of reported COVID-19 reported outbreaks*, BC, January 15 - April 27, 2020 (N=41)

	Care facility	Other settings	Total
Outbreaks			
Total outbreaks	35	6	41
New since yesterday	0	0	0
Active outbreaks	23	5	28
Outbreaks declared over	12	1	13
Outbreak cases			
Total cases	389	212	601
Residents/patients	246	107	353
Staff/other	143	105	248
Total deaths	64	1	65
Residents/patients	64	1	65
Staff/other	0	0	0

* Care facility (acute/longterm care/independent living) outbreaks have at least one lab-confirmed COVID-19 staff or resident. Other outbreaks have two or more lab-confirmed COVID-19 cases diagnosed within a 14-day period in closed or common settings (e.g. penitentiary, shared living or work setting).

Figure 5: Percentage distribution of COVID-19 cases, hospitalization, ICU admissions and deaths by age, compared to the general population of BC, January 1-April 27, 2020 (N=1,991*)



*Includes 1,991 cases, 427 hospitalizations, 153 ICU admissions, and 103 deceased with age information available.

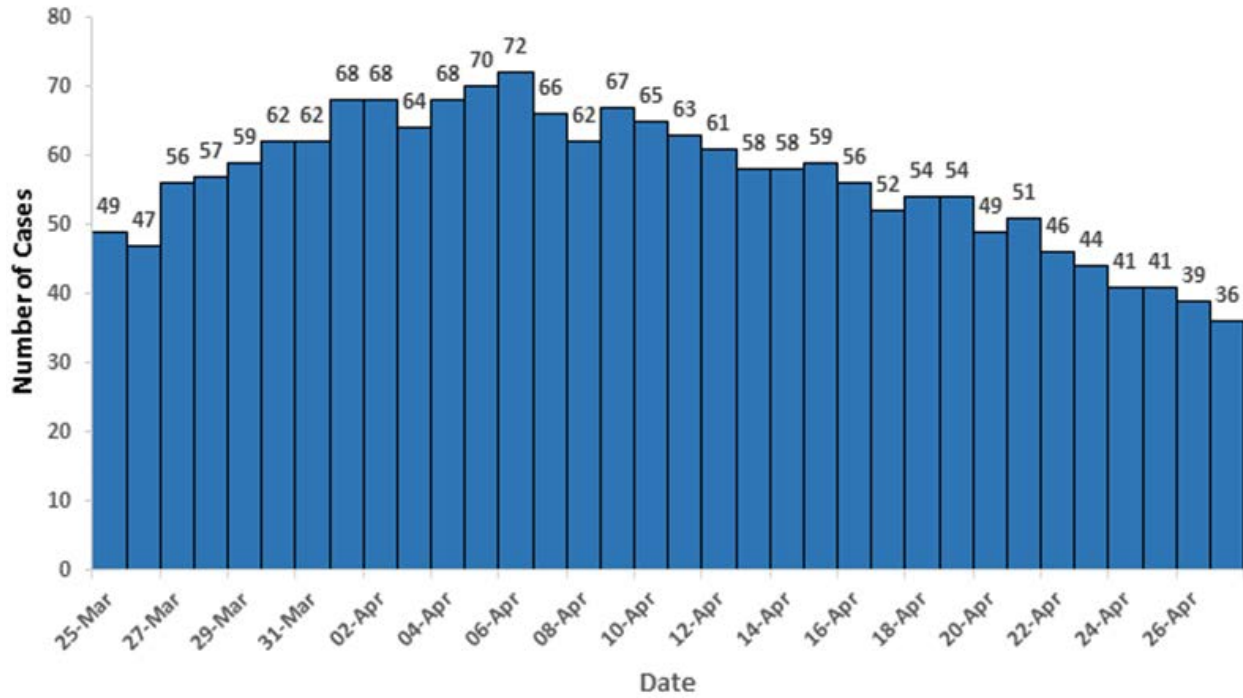
Note: COVID hospitalizations have been reported in the <10y and 10-19y age groups but represent <1% of hospitalizations and are therefore not visible.

Table 3: Percentage distribution of COVID-19 cases, hospitalization, ICU admissions and deaths by age, compared to the general population of BC, January 1-April 27, 2020 (N=1,991*)

Age groups	COVID cases (%)	Cases ever hospitalized (%)	Cases ever in ICU (%)	COVID deaths (%)	General population (%)
<10 Years	1	<1	0	0	9
10-19 Years	1	<1	0	0	10
20-29 Years	9	2	1	0	13
30-39 Years	17	7	5	0	14
40-49 Years	15	9	10	2	13
50-59 Years	20	14	14	1	14
60-69 Years	14	20	23	7	13
70-79 Years	10	24	35	18	9
80-89 Years	9	17	9	46	4
90+ Years	5	7	2	26	1

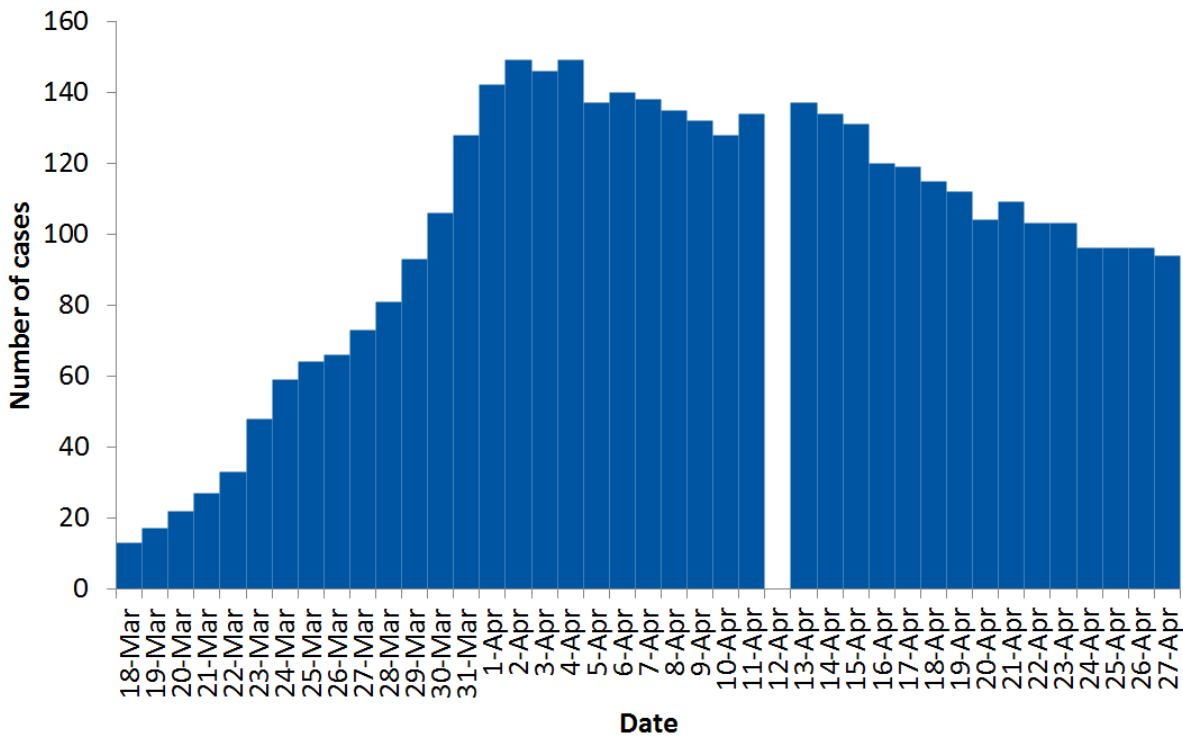
*Only cases with age information available are included.

Figure 6: Total positive COVID-19 cases in critical care by day, BC, March 25- April 27, 2020



Data source: PHSA April 27. Note: critical care data may change over time due to small adjustments and improvements in data quality.

Figure 7: Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases in hospital by day, BC, March 18- April 27, 2020



Data source: HA lab-confirmed case reports. Data available starting March 18 and not available for April 12.

Note: Hospitalization data may be incomplete or out of date (i.e., under-estimates) owing to the timing and process for case status update.